

1616 (3V)

XNOVA Cube™ SMD LED

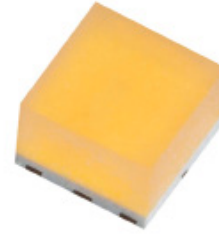


Table of Contents

Technology Overview	2
Product Selection Table	3
Operating Characteristics	4
Chromaticity Diagram	5
Color Ranks	5
Chromaticity Coordinate Group	6
Characteristics Graphs	7
Solder Profile	8
Ordering Nomenclature	9
Package dimension	10
Soldering Pad Pattern	10
Dimension and Polarity	11
Package Dimensions	12
Box Packaging	13

Features:

- High efficacy
- CRI Options: Minimum 70, 80, 90, 95
- Low thermal resistance
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment
- Compatible with infrared reflow solder process
- RoHs and REACH compliant
- Wide viewing angle: 170 degrees

Applications

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| • Replacement lamps | • Down lights |
| • Panel lighting | • Architectural lighting |

Technology Overview

Luminus mid power LEDs are lighting class solutions designed for high performance general lighting applications. These state-of-the-art LEDs allow illumination engineers and designers to develop lighting solutions with maximum efficacy, brightness and overall quality.

Reliability

Luminus mid power LED is one of the most reliable light sources in the world today. Having passed a rigorous suite of environmental and mechanical stress tests, including mechanical shock, vibration, temperature cycling and humidity, it is fully qualified for use in a wide range of high performance and high efficacy lighting applications.

REACH & RoHS Compliance

The Luminus 1616 Mid Power LED is compliant to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive or RoHS.

Understanding Luminus Mid Power LED Test Specifications

Every Luminus LED is fully tested to ensure it meets the high quality standards customers have come to expect from Luminus products.

Testing Temperature

Luminus Mid Power products are measured at a case temperature of 25°C and placed into intensity, chromaticity and voltage bins as described herein.

Product Selection Table

Test condition = 150 mA, $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI	Ordering Part Number	Minimum Flux (Lumens)	Typical Flux (Lumens)
1800K	80	MP-1616-1100-18-80	36	42
	90	MP-1616-1100-18-90	32	38
2200K	80	MP-1616-1100-22-80	42	51
	90	MP-1616-1100-22-90	38	46
	95	MP-1616-1100-22-95	34	42
2700K	80	MP-1616-1100-27-80	50	58
	90	MP-1616-1100-27-90	42	52
	95	MP-1616-1100-27-95	38	48
3000K	80	MP-1616-1100-30-80	50	60
	90	MP-1616-1100-30-90	42	53
	95	MP-1616-1100-30-95	38	49
3500K	80	MP-1616-1100-35-80	54	62
	90	MP-1616-1100-35-90	46	55
	95	MP-1616-1100-35-95	42	50
4000K	80	MP-1616-1100-40-80	54	65
	90	MP-1616-1100-40-90	46	58
	95	MP-1616-1100-40-95	42	53
5000K	80	MP-1616-1100-50-80	54	65
	90	MP-1616-1100-50-90	46	58
	95	MP-1616-1100-50-95	42	53
5700K	80	MP-1616-1100-57-80	54	65
	90	MP-1616-1100-57-90	46	58
	95	MP-1616-1100-57-95	42	53
6500K	80	MP-1616-1100-65-80	54	65
	90	MP-1616-1100-65-90	46	58
	95	MP-1616-1100-65-95	42	53

*Tolerance of measurements of the luminous flux is $\pm 7\%$

*Tolerance of measurements of the CRI is ± 2

*IFP condition with Pulse: Width $\leq 100\mu\text{s}$ Duty cycle $\leq 1/10$

1616 Mid Power Operating Characteristics
Optical and Electrical Characteristics($T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage	V_f		3.3	3.5	V	$I_f=150\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_r			10	μA	$V_r=5\text{V}$
View Angle	$2\theta^{1/2}$		170		$^{\circ}$	$I_f=150\text{mA}$
Thermal Resistance	R_{th}_{j-sp}		22		$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$	$I_f=150\text{mA}$
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	1000			V	

Note 1: To prevent damage refer to operating conditions and derating curves for appropriate maximum operating conditions

Note 2: Maximum operating case temperature combined with maximum drive current defines the total maximum operating condition for the device. To prevent damage, please follow derating curves for all operating conditions.

Note 3: Mid power LEDs are designed for operation up to an absolute maximum forward drive current as specified above. Product lifetime data is specified at typical forward drive currents. Sustained operation at absolute maximum currents will result in a reduction of device lifetime compared to typical forward drive currents. Actual device lifetimes will also depend on case temperature. Refer to the current vs. case temperature derating curves for further information.

Note 4: Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.

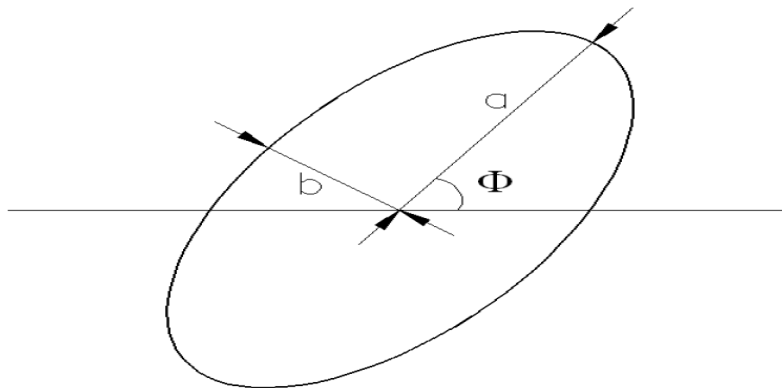
Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Forward Current	I_f	200	mA
Pulse Forward Current	I_{fp}	300	mA
Power Dissipation	P_d	700	mW
Reverse Voltage	V_r	5	V
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	$-40\sim+85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	$-40\sim+85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	T_j	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	T_{sld}	230 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ or 260 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 10 sec	

*IFP condition with Pulse: Width $\leq 100\mu\text{s}$ Duty cycle $\leq 1/10$

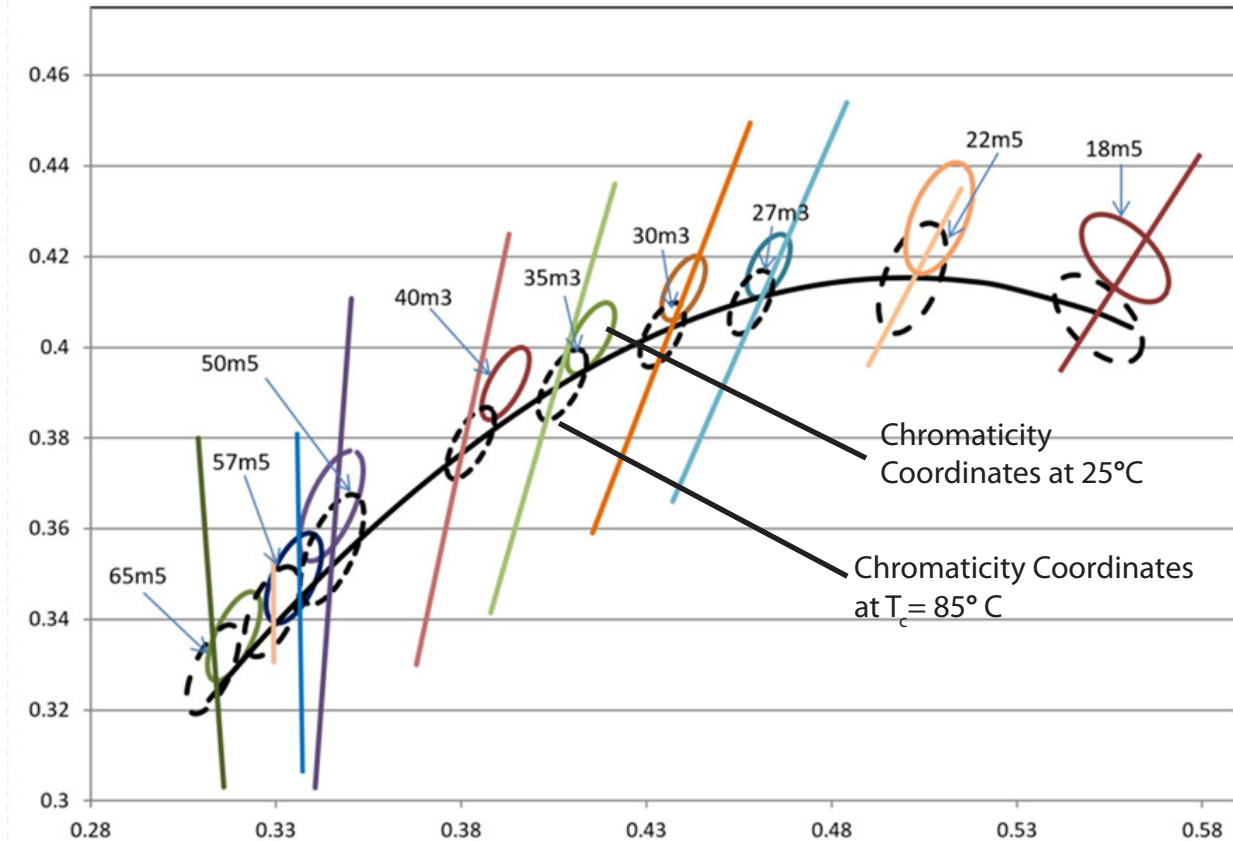
Color Bins target chromaticity @ $T_c=85^\circ\text{C}$

CCT (K)	Steps	Center		Radius		Angle(Deg)
		x	y	a	b	Φ
1800	5	0.5592	0.4196	0.0675	0.035	-35
2200	3	0.509873	0.42036	0.0294	0.0144	45.5
	5	0.509873	0.42036	0.0815	0.04	45.5
2700	3	0.4649	0.4174	0.0081	0.0042	53.42
	5	0.4649	0.4174	0.0135	0.007	53.42
3000	3	0.4426	0.4106	0.00834	0.00408	53.13
	5	0.4426	0.4106	0.0139	0.0068	53.13
3500	3	0.4154	0.4025	0.00927	0.00414	54
	5	0.4154	0.4025	0.01545	0.0069	54
4000	3	0.3918	0.3915	0.00939	0.00402	53.43
	5	0.3918	0.3915	0.01565	0.0067	53.43
5000	3	0.353	0.3665	0.00822	0.00354	59.37
	5	0.353	0.3665	0.0137	0.0059	59.37
5700	3	0.3392	0.354	0.006705	0.0033	58.35
	5	0.3392	0.354	0.011175	0.0055	58.35
6500	3	0.31919	0.3388	0.00669	0.00285	58.34
	5	0.31919	0.3388	0.01115	0.00475	58.34

Ellipse Definition


*Note: Tolerance of measurements of the chromaticity Coordinate is ± 0.005
Chromaticity coordinates as per ANSI standard.

Chromaticity Coordinate Group

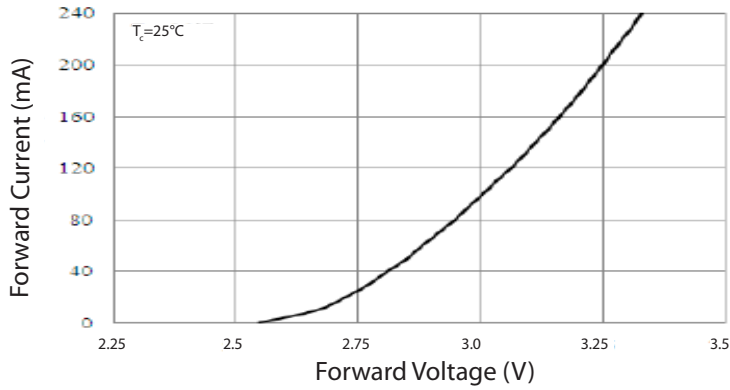
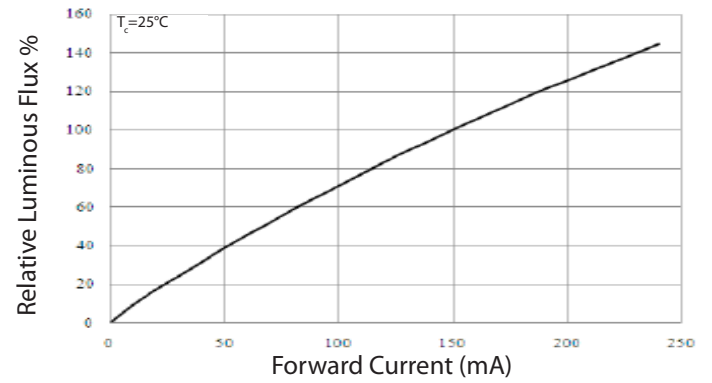
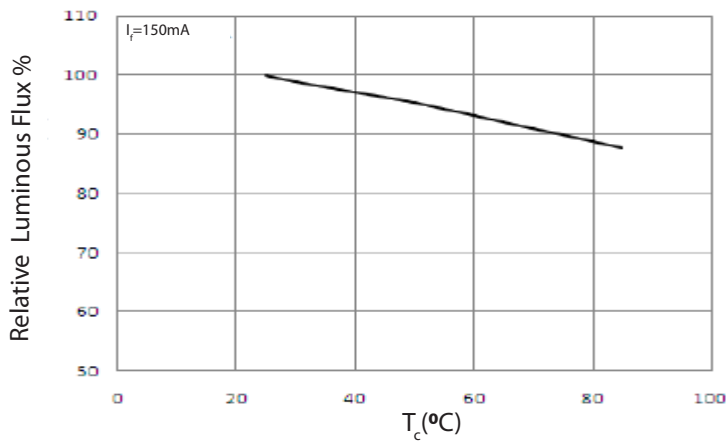
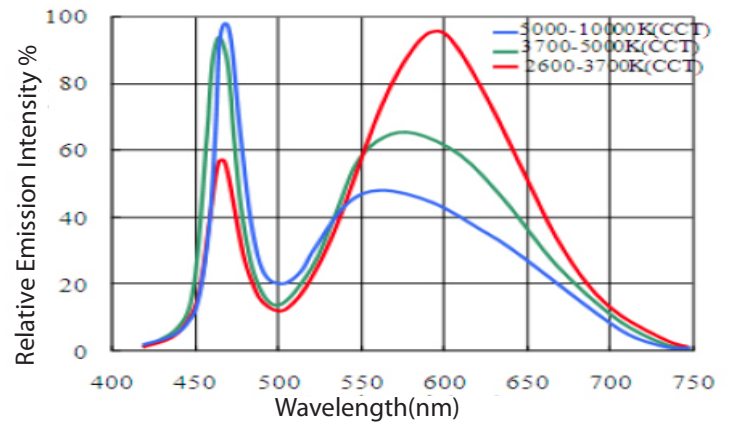


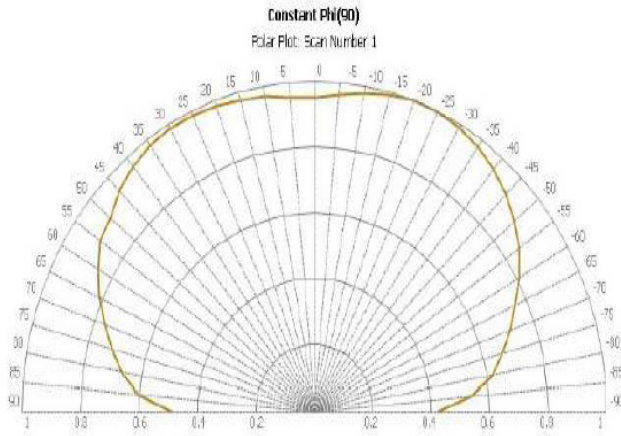
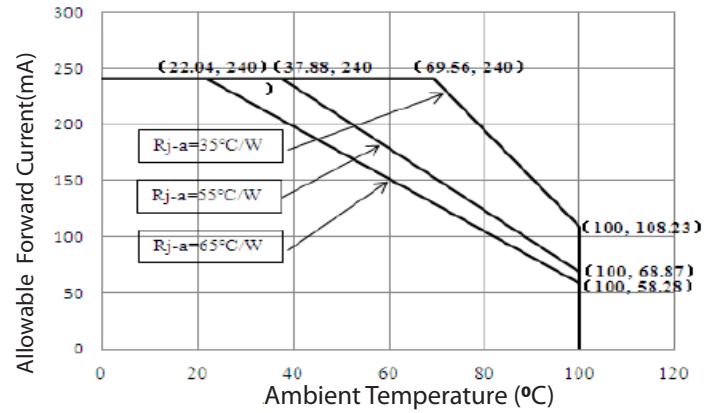
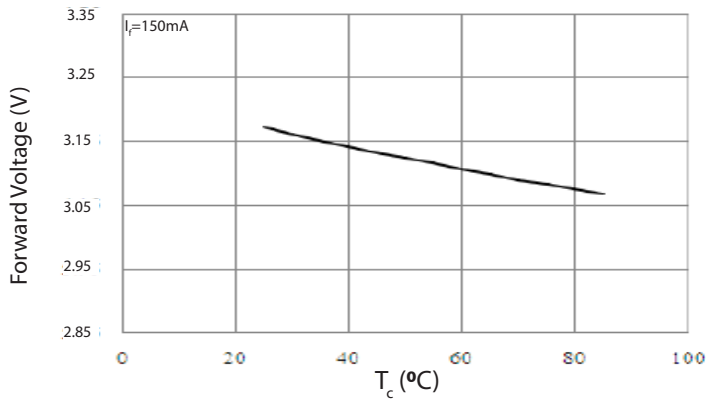
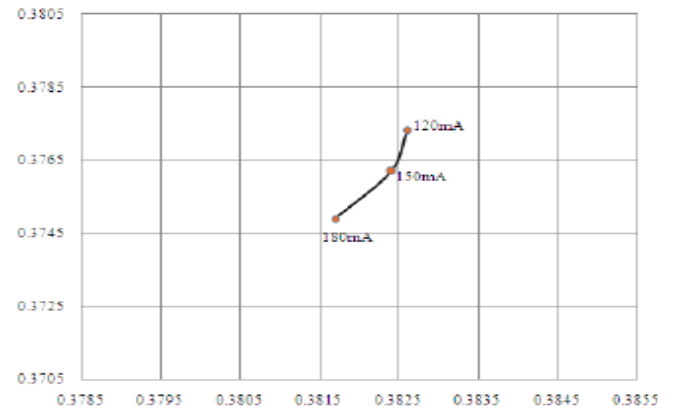
Chromaticity Binning

The chart above shows the typical chromaticity shift from 25°C to 85°C. Luminus Cube MP-1616 LEDs are tested at 25°C and binned so that the resultant chromaticity is along the blackbody locus at typical operating conditions.

*Notes: m3 denotes a 3-step MacAdam ellipse, m5 denotes a 5-Step MacAdam ellipse.

Luminus maintains a +/- 0.01 tolerance on chromaticity (CIEx and CIEy) measurements.

Typical optical/Electrical Characteristics Graphs
 V_f ----- I_f

 I_f ---- Relative Luminous flux

 T_c -----Relative Luminous Flux

Wavelength- Relative Emission Intensity


Typical Optical/Electrical Characteristic
Typical Polar Radiation Pattern

Ambient Temperature-Allowable Forward Current

 T_c --Forward Voltage

Forward Current-Chromaticity Coordinate


Product Ordering and Shipping Part Number Nomenclature

All mid power products are packaged and labeled with part numbers as outlined in below. When shipped, each reel will contain only a single flux and voltage bin. The part number designation is as follows:

1616 Mid Power LEDs

Mid Power	Package Type	Package Configurator	Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI
MP	1616	1100	##	##

Example:

The part number MP-1616-1100-30-80 refers to a 1616 mid power emitter with nominal color temperature of 3,000k and minimum CRI of 80. Please refer to page 5 for a description of available CCT and CRI combinations.

Note 1: CCT Codes:

27 = 2700 k

30 = 3000 k

40 = 4000 k

50 = 5000 k

57 = 5700 k

65 = 6500 k

Note 2: CRI Codes:

70

80

90

Each mid power product shipped will be labeled with its specific flux and voltage bins. Not all bins listed are available in all CCTs and CRIs.

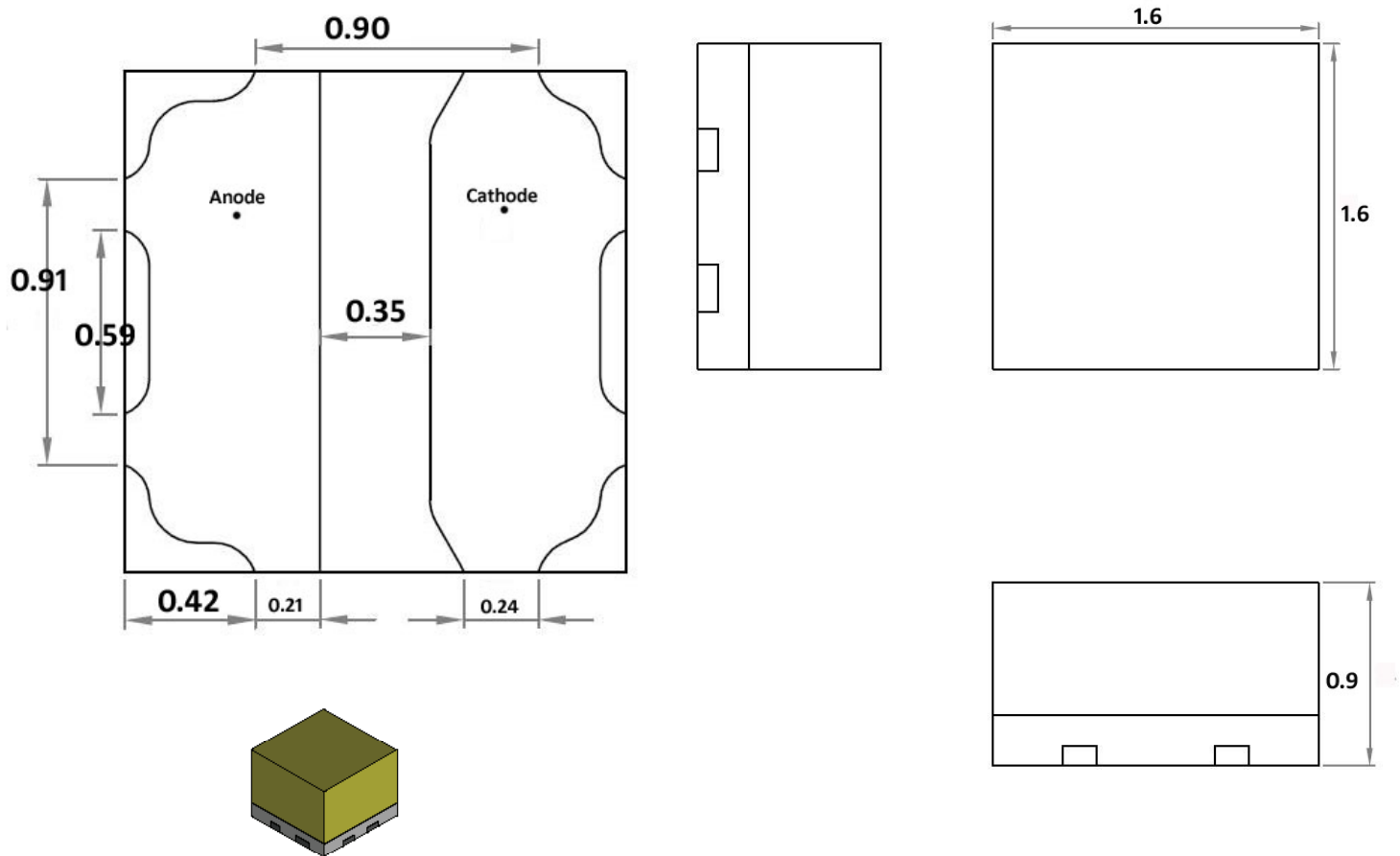
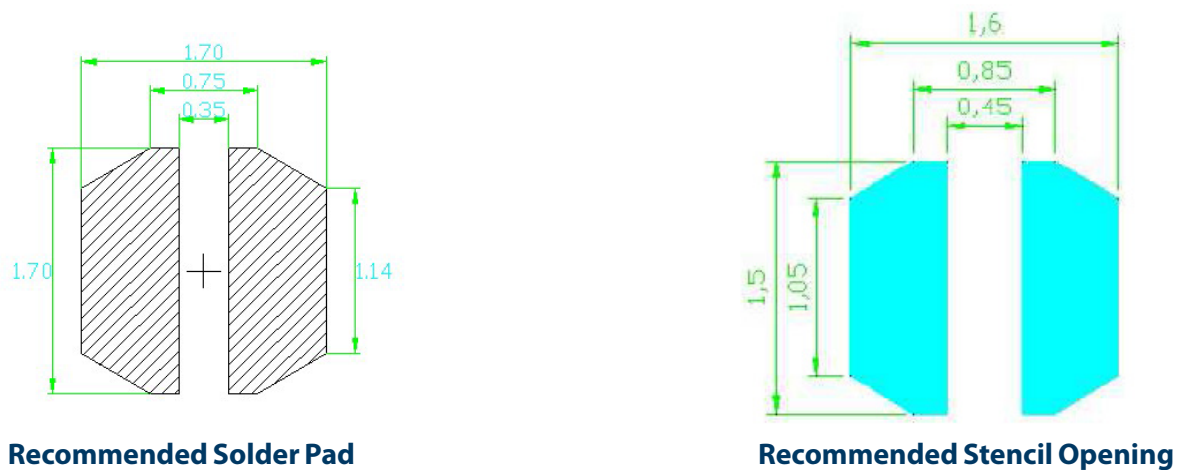
Luminus Flux Bins

Bin Code	Minimum Flux (Lumens)	Maximum Flux (Lumens)
E1	34	36
E2	36	38
E3	38	42
E4	42	46
E5	46	50
E6	50	54
E7	54	58
E8	58	62
E9	62	66
F1	66	70
F2	70	74
F3	74	78

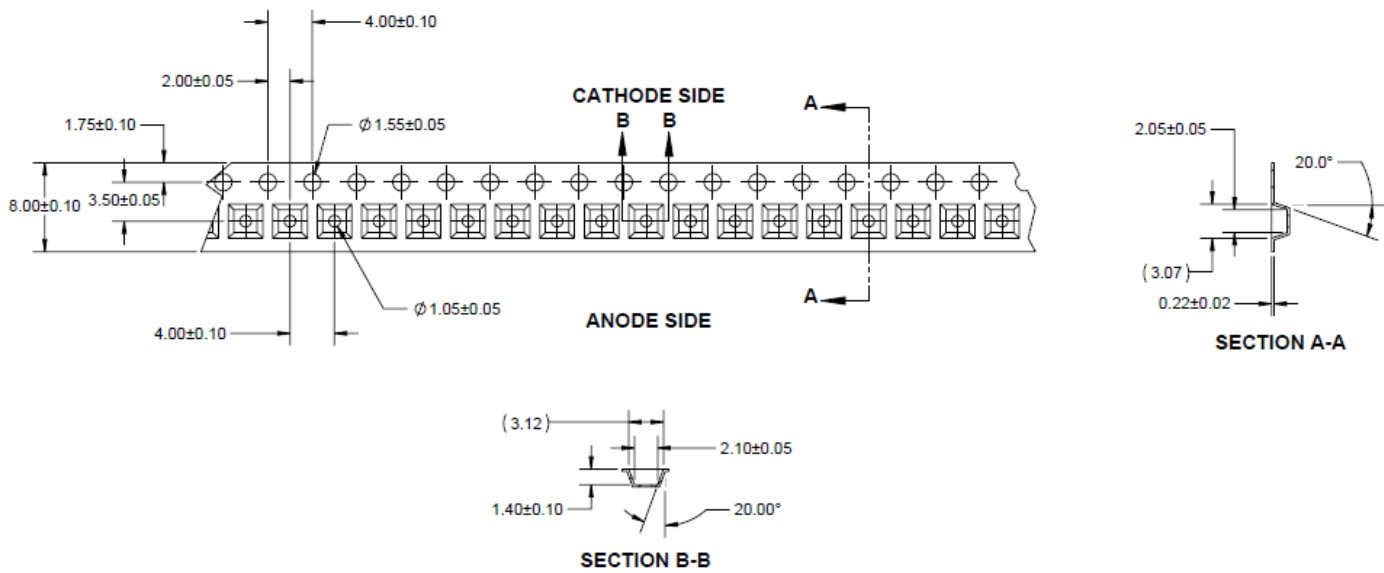
Forward Voltage Bins ($T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Bin Code	Minimum Voltage (Volts)	Maximum Voltage (Volts)
E	2.8	2.9
F	2.9	3.0
G	3.0	3.1
H	3.1	3.2
I	3.2	3.3
J	3.3	3.4

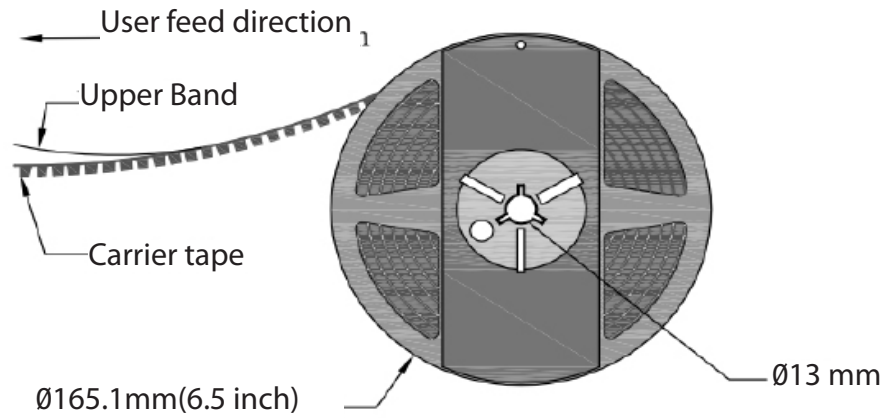
*Tolerance of measurements of the Forward Voltage is $\pm 0.08\text{V}$

Product Dimensions (mm)

Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern


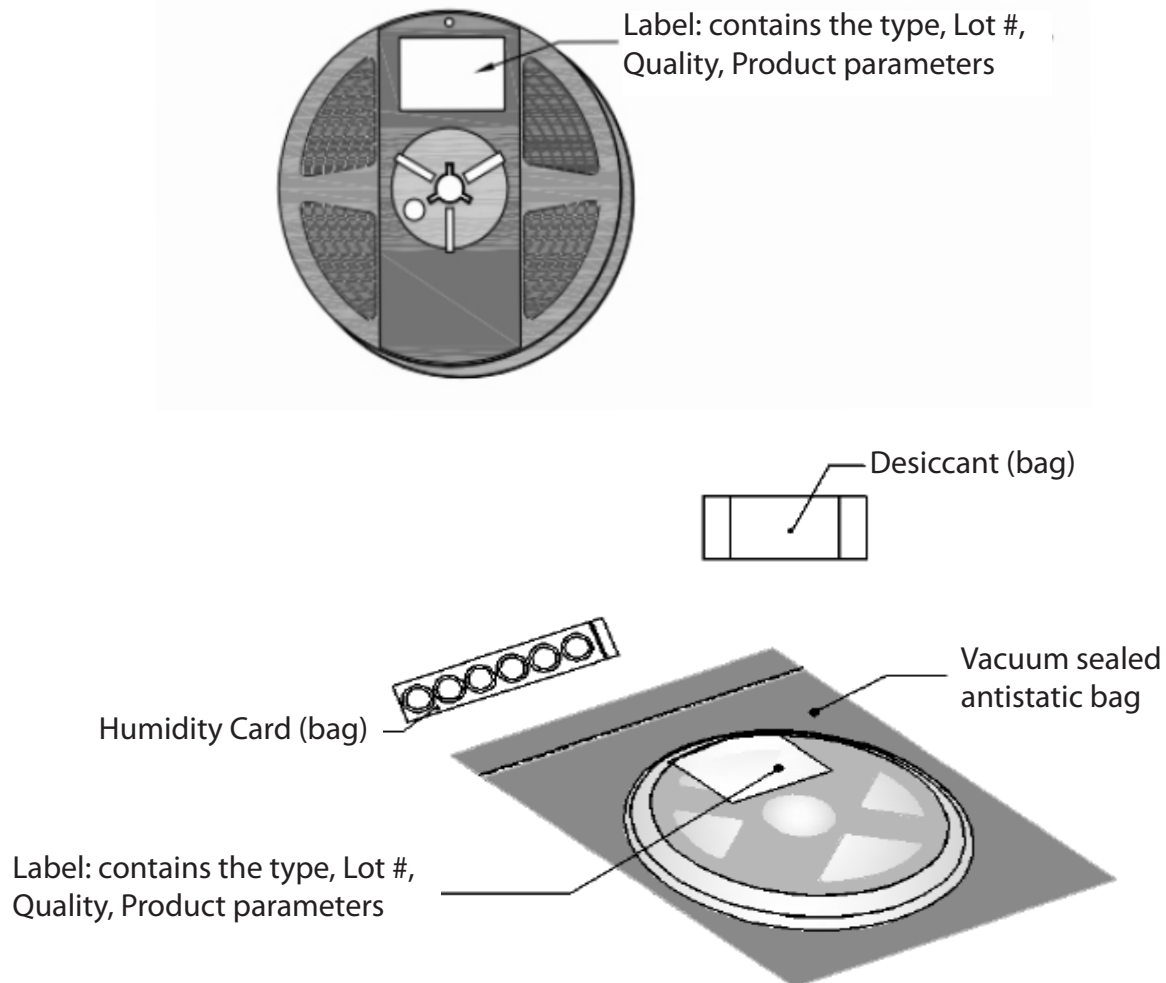
- All dimensions are in millimeters.
- Scale : 1:1
- Undefined tolerance is $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$

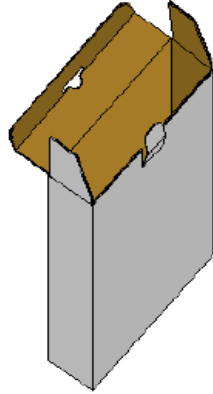
Dimensions of tape (mm)


Package Dimensions of Reel (mm)

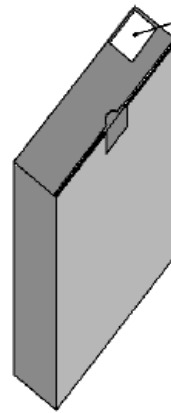


Package Dimensions of Reel (mm)

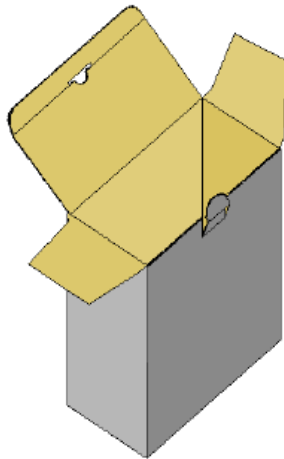


Box Packaging

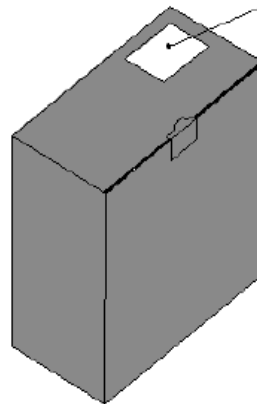
*Capacity 5 reels per box



Label: contains the type,
Lot #, Quality, Product
parameters



*Capacity 10 reels per box



Label: contains the type,
Lot #, Quality, Product
parameters

Precaution for Use**Storage:**

1. This device is rated at MSL 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 standard.
2. Recommended storage condition:
At 5 °C- 30 °C and relative humidity 60% RH in its original package
3. After this bag is opened, devices that will be applied to infrared reflow, vapor - phase reflow, or equivalent soldering process must be:
 - a) Completed within 168 hours
 - b) Stored at less than 60%RH
 - c) If not completely used within 168 hours, seal the remaining in the moisture barrier bag
4. Devices require baking before mounting, if 3 a) is not met.
5. If baking is required, devices must be baked under below conditions:
24 hours at 60C+/-5C

Static Electricity:

1. The products are sensitive to static electricity, and care should be taken when handling them.
2. Static electricity or surge voltage will damage the LEDs. It is recommended to wear a anti-electrostatic wristband or an anti-electrostatic gloves when handling the LEDs.
3. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.