

晶采光電科技股份有限公司 AMPIRE CO., LTD.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMPIRE PART NO.	AM-320240NTMQW -00H-B(R)
APPROVED BY	
DATE	

- ☐ Approved For Specifications
- **☑** Approved For Specifications & Sample

AMPIRE CO., LTD.

2F., No.88, Sec. 1, Sintai 5th Rd., Sijhih City, Taipei County 221, Taiwan (R.O.C.)台北縣汐止市新台五路一段88號2樓(東方科學園區 D棟) TEL:886-2-26967269, FAX:886-2-26967196 or 26967270

APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	ORGANIZED BY

1

Date: 2009/08/03 AMPIRE CO., LTD.

RECORD OF REVISION

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2009/8/3		New Release	Edward
		(with EWV polarizer and new backlight)	

1 Features

5.7 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module. This module is composed of a 5.7" TFT-LCD panel, a driver circuit and backlight unit.

(1) Construction: 5.7" a-Si color TFT-LCD, White LED Backlight and PCB.

(2) Resolution (pixel): 320(R.G.B) X240

(3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors (R, G, B 6 bit digital each)

(4) LCD type: Transmissive Color TFT LCD (normally White)

(5) Interface: 40 pin

(6) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input. Built-in power supply circuit.

(7) Viewing Direction: 6 O'clock (The direction it's hard to be discolored)

2 Physical specifications

Item	Specifications	Unit	
Display resolution(dot)	960 (W) x 240(H)	mm	
Active area	115.2 (W) x 86.4 (H)	mm	
Screen size	5.7(Diagonal)	mm	
Pixel size	120 (W) x 360 (H)	um	
Color configuration	R.G.B stripe		
Overall dimension	131.0(W)x102.2(H)x10.9(D)	mm	
Weight	T.B.D	mg	
Backlight unit	LED		

3 Electrical specification

Date: 2009/08/03

3.1 Absolute max. ratings

3.1.1 Electrical Absolute max. ratings

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power voltage	VDD	VSS=0	-0.3	6.0	V	
Input voltege	V _{in}		-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	Note 1

Note1:Hsync, Vsync, DEN, DCLK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5

3.1.2 Environmental Absolute max. ratings

	OPERATING		STOF	RAGE	
Item	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Remark
Temperature	-20	70	-30	80	Note2,3,4,5,6,7
Humidity	No	te1	No	te1	
Corrosive Gas	Not Acceptable		Not Acceptable		

Note1: Ta <= 40°C: 85% RH max

Ta > 40° C : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40° C

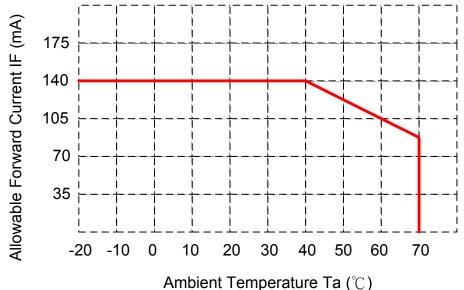
Note2 : For storage condition Ta at -30° C < 48h , at 80° C < 100h For operating condition Ta at -20° C < 100h

Note3: Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.

Note4: The response time will be slower at low temperature.

Note5 : Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast, response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25°C

Note6 : When LCM is operated over 40°C ambient temperature, the I_{LED} of the LED back-light should be follow :



Note7: This is panel surface temperature, not ambient temperature.

Note8 : When LCM be operated over than 40°C , the life time of the LED back-light will be reduced.

3.2 Electrical characteristics

3.2.1 DC Electrical characteristic of the LCD

Typical operting conditions (VSS=0V)

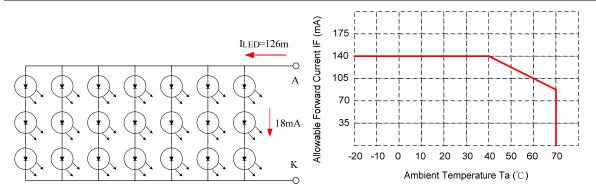
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Power supp	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	٧		
Input Voltage	H Level	V _{IH}	0.7 VDD	1	VDD	٧	Note 1
for logic	L Level	V _{IL}	0	-	0.3 VDD	V	Note i
Power Supply current		IDD		45	55	mA	Note 2

Note1: Hsync, Vsync, DEN, DCLK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5

Note2: fv =60Hz , Ta=25°C , Display pattern : All Black

3.2.2 Electrical characteristic of LED Back-light

Paramenter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condiction
I CD voltore	\ /	0.4	0.0	40.0	.,	I _{LED}
LED voltage	V_{AK}	8.4	9.6	10.8	V	=140mA,Ta=25°C
LED forward ourront	I _{LED}		126	140	mA	Ta=25°C
LED forward current	I _{LED}		84	105	mA	Ta=60°C



The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving. When LCM is operate over 60° C ambient temperature, the ILED of the LED back-light should be adjusted to 105mA max.

3.3 AC Timing characteristic of the LCD

a. Timing condition

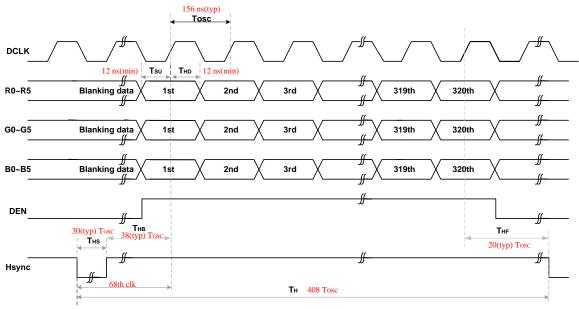
Date: 2009/08/03

Signal	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit.	Remark
DCLK	DCLK period		Tosc	-	156	-	ns	
	Frequency		Fosc	-	6.4	-	MHz	
	DCLK High plus wid		Тсн	-	78	-	ns	
	DCLK Low plus wid	th	TCL	-	78	-	ns	
RGB	Data setup time		Tsu	12	-	ı	ns	
DATA	Data hold time		THD	12	-	-	ns	
Hsync	Hsync period		TH	-	408	•	Tosc	
	Hsync pulse width		THS	5	30	-	Tosc	
	Back-Parch		Тнв		38		Tosc	
	Front-Parch		THF		20		Tosc	
	Hsync rising time		TCr	-	-	700	ns	
	Hsync falling time		TCf	_	-	300	ns	
Vsync	Vsync period	NTSC		-	262.5	-	Тн	
	v syric period	PAL		-	312.5	-	Тн	
	Vsync pulse width		Tvs	1	3	5	TH	
	Back-Porch	NTSC	Тув		15		Тн	
	Dack-i Oloii	PAL			23		Тн	
	Display Period		TVD		240		Тн	
	Front Porch	NTSC	TvF		4.5		TH	
		PAL			46.5		Тн	
	Vsync rising time		TVr	-	-	700	ns	
	Vsync falling time		TVf	-	-	1.5	μs	
	Vsync falling to Hsy time for odd field		THVO	1	-	-	Tosc	
	Vsync falling to Hsync time for even field		THVE	1	-	ı	Tosc	
DEN	DEN Vsync-DEN time		TVSE	_	18	-	TH	
		PAL	TVSE	-	26	-	TH	
	Hsync-DEN time		THE	36	68	88	Tosc	
	DEN plus width		TEP	-	320	-	Tosc	

Note: If DEN is fixed to low, the SYNC mode is used. Otherwise DE mode is used. When SYNC mode is used, 1st data start from 68th CLK after Hsync falling

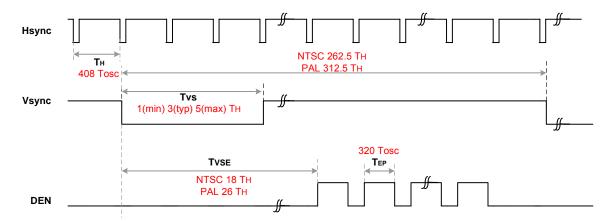
Horizontal display timing

Note: Data is latched rising edge trigger of CLK.

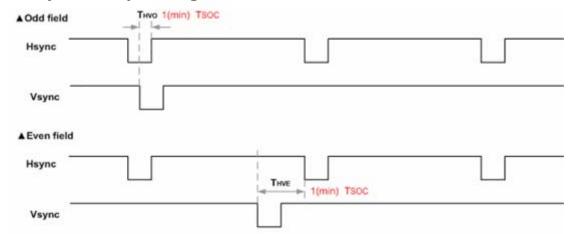


If DEN is fixed to low, the SYNC mode is used. Otherwise DE mode is used. When SYNC mode is used, 1st data start from 68th CLK after Hsync falling

Vertical display timing



Hsync and Vsync timing



4 Optical specification

4.1 Optical characteristic of the LCD

Item		Symbol	Conditon	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Response Time	Rise Fall	T _r T _f	Θ=0°		15 35	30 50	ms ms	Note 1,2,3,5
Contrast	I.	CR	At optimized viewing angle	200	350	-	1110	Note 1,2,4,5
Viewing Angle	Top Botto m Left Right		CR≧10	60 40 60 60	70 50 70 70	- - -	deg.	Note1,2, 5,6
Prightne	Diahtaaa		I_{LED} =126mA, $25^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	427.5	450	-	cd/m ²	Note 7
Brightne	:55	YL	I _{LED} =140mA, 25°ℂ	475	500	-	cd/m²	
Dod obrom	otioity,	XR		0.610	0.640	0.670		Niete 7
Red chrom	alicity	YR		0.314	0.344	0.374		Note 7
Green chron	naticity	XG		0.268	0.298	0.328		For reference
Green chilon	Green chromaticity		Θ=0°	0.553	0.583	0.613		only. These data should
Blue chromaticity White chromaticity		Хв	Θ=0°	0.102	0.132	0.162	-	be update
		YB		0.107	0.137	0.167		according the
		XW		0.282	0.312	0.342		prototype.
VVIIILE CIIIOII	ialicity	YW		0.299	0.329	0.359		prototypo.

^()For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

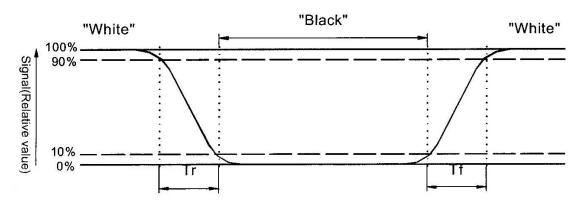
Note 1:Ambient temperature=25°C, and lamp current I_{LED}=140mA. To be measured in the dark room.

Note 2:To be measured on the center area of panel with a viewing cone of 1°by Topcon luminance meter BM-7,after 10 minutes operation.

Note 3. Definition of response time:

Date: 2009/08/03

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



Note 4. Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

Contrast ratio(CR)= Photo detector output when LCD is at "White" state
Photo detector Output when LCD is at "Black" state

Note 5:White $V_i=V_{i50}+1.5V$

Date: 2009/08/03

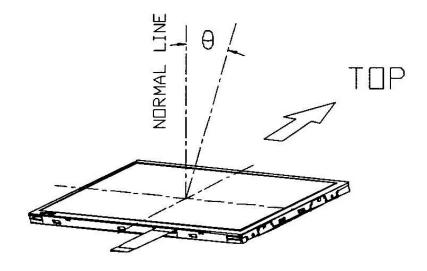
Black V_i=V_{i50} +2.0V

"±"means that the analog input signal swings in phase with V_{COM} signal.

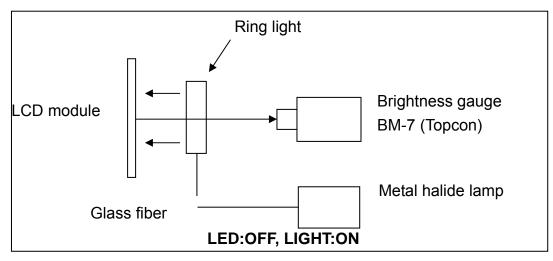
"– " means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with V_{COM} signal.

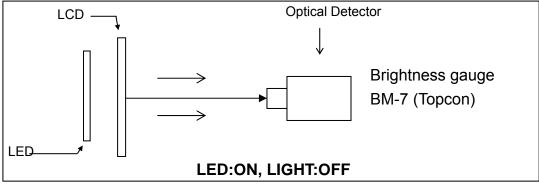
 V_{i50} : The analog input voltage when transmission is 50%. The 100% Transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the Input terminals of module are electrically opened.

Note 6.Definition of viewing angle, Refer to figure as below.



Note 7.Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.





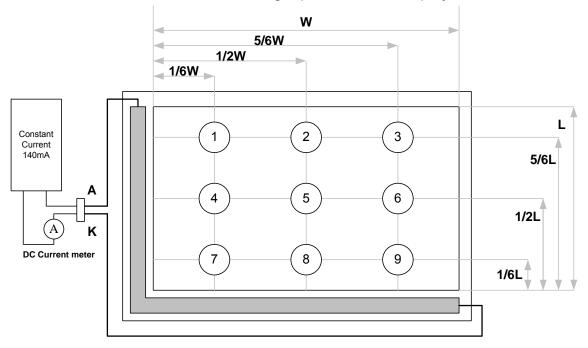
4.2 Optical characteristic of the Back-light

ITEM	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Condition
Bare Brightness	3500	1	-	Cd/m2	I _{LED} =140mA,Ta=25°ℂ
AVG. X of 1931 C.I.E.	0.28	0.31	0.34		I _{LED} =140mA,Ta=25°ℂ
AVG. Y of 1931 C.I.E.	0.28	0.31	0.34		I _{LED} =140mA,Ta=25°ℂ
Brightness Uniformity	80			%	I _{LED} =140mA,Ta=25°ℂ

^()For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

Note1: Measurement after 10 minutes from LED BL operating.

Note2: Measurement of the following 9 places on the display.



Note3: The Uniformity definition

Date: 2009/08/03

(Min Brightness / Max Brightness) x 100%

5 Interface specifications

5.1 Driving signals for the TFT panel

JAE:FA5B040HF1R3000 (Suitable FPC :t=0.3+/-0.03mm , 0.5+/-0.03mm pitch)

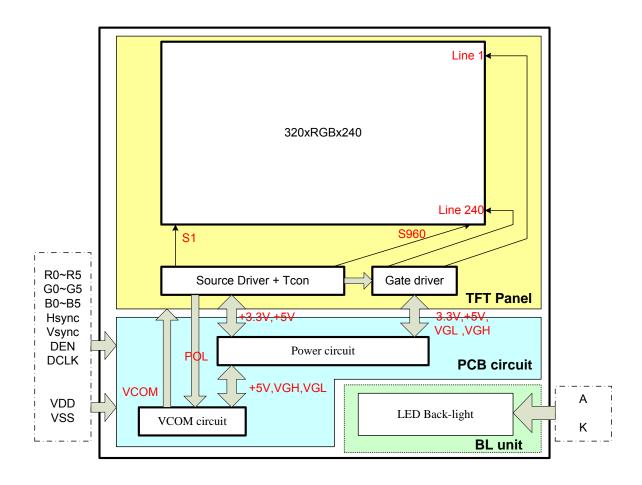
Pin no	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1~4	VDD		Power supply for the logic (3.3V)	
5	Hsync	ı	Horizontal sync input in digital RGB mode	
6	DĚN		Input data enable control	
7	VSS		GND	
8	DCLK	ı	Clock signal. Latching data at the rising edge.	
9	VSS		GND	
10	Vsync		Vertical sync input in digital RGB mode.	
11	VSS		GND	
12	B5		Blue data	
13	B4			
14	В3			
15	VSS		GND	
16	B2	ı	Blue data	
17	B1	ı		
18	B0	-		
19	VSS		GND	
20	G5		Green data	
21	G4			
22	G3			
23	VSS		GND	
24	G2	-	Green data	
25	G1	-		
26	G0			
27	VSS		GND	
28	R5	-	Red data	
29	R4	-		
30	R3			
31	VSS		GND	
32	R2	I	Red data	
33	R1	I		
34	R0	I		
35	NC		No connection	
36	VSS		GND	
37	NC		No connection	
38	NC		No connection	
39	NC		No connection	
40	NC		No connection	

5.2 Driving signals for the LED back-light

JST Housing: BHR-03VS-1

Pin no	Symbol	Level	Description	Remark
1	Α	-	LED Anode	
2	NC	-	No connection	
3	K	-	LED Cathode	

6 BLOCK DIAGRAM



7 DISPLAYED COLOR AND INPUT DATA

		Color & Gray Scale								D	ATA S	SIGNA	L							
		Scale	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В0
		Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic		Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color		Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	l	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Neu		Red(31)	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	l	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	l	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Orcen		Green(31)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	l	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue	l	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Dide		Blue(31)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
		Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

8 QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

8.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Tests should be conducted under the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Humidity : $60 \pm 25\%$ RH.

8.2 SAMPLING PLAN

Sampling method shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-105E , level II, normal single sampling plan .

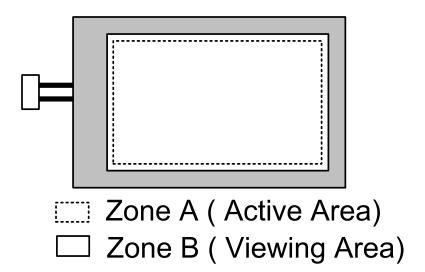
8.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

A major defect is defined as one that could cause failure to or materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose. A minor defect is one that does not materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose or is an infringement from established standards and has no significant bearing on its effective use or operation.

8.4 APPEARANCE

Date: 2009/08/03

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance from the LCD module under flourescent light. The inspection area of LCD panel shall be within the range of following limits.



8.5 INSPECTION QUALITY CRITERIA

No.	Item	Criterior	Defect type	
1	Non display	No non display is allowed	Major	
2	Irregular operation	No irregular operation is a	Major	
3	Short	No short are allowed		Major
4	Open	Any segments or commare rejectable.	on patterns that don't activate	Major
5	Black/White spot (I)	Size D (mm) $D \le 0.15$ $0.15 < D \le 0.20$ $0.20 < D \le 0.30$ $0.30 < D \le 0.5$	Minor	
6	Black/White line (I)	Length(mm) 10 < L	Minor	
7	Black/White sport (II)	Size D (mm) $D \le 0.30$ $0.30 < D \le 0.50$ $0.50 < D \le 1.20$ $1.20 < D$	Minor	
8	Black/White line (II)	Length (mm) Width (20 < L	Minor	
9	Back Light	No Lighting is rejectable Flickering and abnormations	Major	
10	Display pattern	$\frac{A+B}{2} \le 0.30 0 < C$ Note: 1. Acceptable up to 3 2. NG if there're to tw	Minor	

11	Blemish & Foreign matters Size: $D = \frac{A+B}{2}$	Size D (mm) $D \le 0.15$ $0.15 < D \le 0.20$ $0.20 < D \le 0.30$ $0.30 < D \le 0.5$	Ac	cceptable number Ignore 3 2 1	Minor
12	Scratch on Polarizer	W <u><</u> 0.03 Igr 0.03 <w<u><0.05 L ≤ L > 0.05<w<u><0.08 L ></w<u></w<u>	n (mm) ore 2.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 e (1) ish	Acceptable number Ignore Ignore 1 1 Ignore Note(1)	Minor
13	Bubble in polarizer	Size D (mm) $D \le 0.20$ $0.20 < D \le 0.50$ $0.50 < D \le 0.80$ $0.80 < D$	Ac	cceptable number Ignore 3 2 0	Minor
14	Stains on LCD panel surface	Stains that cannot be r with a soft cloth or simi	Minor		
15	Rust in Bezel	Rust which is visible in	Minor		
16	Defect of land surface contact (poor soldering)	Evident crevices which	Minor		
17	Parts mounting	 Failure to mount part Parts not in the spec Polarity, for example 	Major Major Major		
18	Parts alignment	LSI, IC lead width outline. Chip component is the leads is off the leads.	Minor Minor		
19	Conductive foreign matter (Solder ball, Solder chips)	1. 0.45<φ ,N≥1 2. 0.30<φ≤0.45 ,N≥1 φ:Average diamete 3. 0.50 <l ,n≥1<br="">L: Average length o</l>	Major Minor Minor		
20	Faulty PCB correction	Due to PCB copper connected, using a places are correcte Short circuited part been performed.	Minor Minor		

		The TFT panel may have bright dot or Dark dot. The acceptable number defection:						
21	Defect Dot	Bright dot	Dark dot	Total dot	Distance between Dark dark		Minor	
		2	4	6	L≧5 mm			

8.6 RELIABILITY

Test Item	Test Conditions					
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C , t=96 hrs					
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C , t=96 hrs					
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2				
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2				
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C ~ 25°C ~ 70°C 30 m in. 5 min. 30 min. (1 cycle) Total 5 cycle	1,2				
Humidity Test	40 °C, Humidity 90%, 96 hrs					
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency: 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude: 0.75mm Test direction: X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration: 30min/each axis	2				

Note 1: Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions

(15-35°C, 45-65%RH).

Definitions of life end point :

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

9 USE PRECAUTIONS

9.1 Handling precautions

- 1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- 2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- 3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- 4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

9.2 Installing precautions

- 1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx. $1M\Omega$ and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- 2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- 3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- 4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

9.3 Storage precautions

- 1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.
- Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

9.4 Operating precautions

- 1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- 2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC dive voltage.
- 4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- 5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2Vdd or less and H level: 0.8Vdd or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- 6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- 7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- 8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

9.5 Other

- Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- 2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- 3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

10 OUTLINE DIMENSION

