

晶采光電科技股份有限公司 AMPIRE CO., LTD.

# SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMPIRE PART NO.	AM-320240N9TMQW-00H-A(R)
APPROVED BY	
DATE	

□ Approved For Specifications

 $\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$  Approved For Specifications & Sample

AMPIRE CO., LTD.

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APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	ORGANIZED BY

# **RECORD OF REVISION**

Revision Date	Page	Contents	Editor
2010/07/22		New Release	Kokai
		Base on AM-320240N9TMQW-00H(R) modify ZIF connector position	
2010/8/11		Rename to AM-320240N9TMQW-00H-A(R).	Kokai
		Lower the LED driving current.	
		Brightness : 400 cd/m2(typ)	

# 1 Features

5.7 inch Amorphous-TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module. This module is composed of a 5.7" TFT-LCD panel, a driver circuit and backlight unit.

(1) Construction: 5.7" a-Si color TFT-LCD, White LED Backlight and PCB.

- (2) Resolution (pixel): 320(R.G.B) X240
- (3) Number of the Colors : 262K colors ( R , G , B 6 bit digital each)
- (4) LCD type : Transmissive Color TFT LCD (normally White)
- (5) Interface: 40 pin
- (6) Power Supply Voltage: 3.3V single power input. Built-in power supply circuit.
- (7) Viewing Direction: 6 O'clock ( The direction it's hard to be discolored )

# 2 Physical specifications

Item	Specifications	Unit	
Display resolution(dot)	960 (W) x 240(H)	mm	
Active area	115.2 (W) x 86.4 (H)	mm	
Screen size	5.7(Diagonal)	mm	
Pixel size	120 (W) x 360 (H)	um	
Color configuration	R.G.B stripe		
Overall dimension	167.0(W)x109.0(H)x12.1(D)	mm	
Weight	T.B.D	mg	
Backlight unit	LED		

# 3 Electrical specification

# 3.1 Absolute max. ratings

#### 3.1.1 Electrical Absolute max. ratings

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power voltage	VCC	GND=0	-0.3	6.0	V	
Input voltege	V <sub>in</sub>		-0.3	VCC+0.3	V	Note 1

Note1: DE, DCLK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5

	OPERATING		STOF	RAGE	
Item	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Remark
Temperature	-20	70	-30	80	Note2,3,4,5,6,7,8
Humidity	No	Note1		te1	
Corrosive Gas	Not Acc	eptable	Not Acceptable		

3.1.2 Environmental Absolute max. ratings

Note1 : Ta <= 40°C : 85% RH max

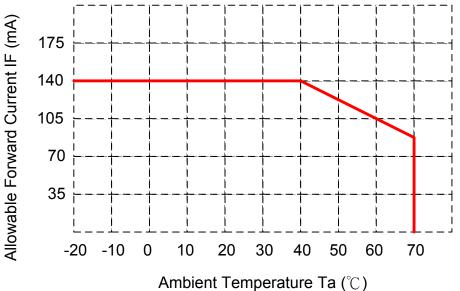
Ta >  $40^{\circ}$ C : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of

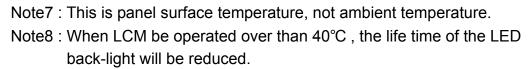
85%RH at 40°C

Note2 : For storage condition Ta at  $-30^{\circ}C < 48h$ , at  $80^{\circ}C < 100h$ 

For operating condition Ta at -20°C < 100h

- Note3 : Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. This phenomenon is reversible.
- Note4 : The response time will be slower at low temperature.
- Note5 : Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast , response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25°C
- Note6 : When LCM is operated over 40°C ambient temperature, the I<sub>LED</sub> of the LED back-light should be follow :





# 3.1.3 LED back-light Unit Absolute max. ratings

ltem	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Peak forward Current	IF	210	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VR	30	V	
Power Dissipation	Po	1.2	W	

# 3.2 Electrical characteristics

# 3.2.1 DC Electrical characteristic of the LCD

Typical operting conditions (VSS=0V)

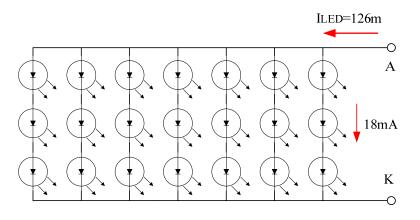
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Power supply		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Voltage for logic	H Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 VCC	-	VCC	V	Note 1
	L Level	VIL	0	-	0.3 VCC	V	
Power Supply current		ICC		45	55	mA	Note 2

Note1: Hsync, Vsync, DE, DCLK, R0~R5, G0~G5, B0~B5

Note2: fv =60Hz , Ta=25°C , Display pattern : All Black

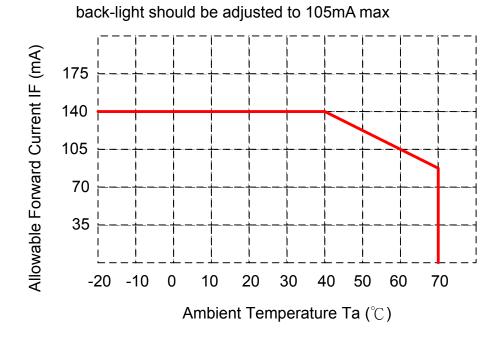
# 3.2.2 Electrical characteristic of LED Back-light

Paramenter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condiction
LED voltage	V <sub>ak</sub>		10.5	12	V	I <sub>LED</sub> =140mA,Ta=25°C
	I <sub>LED</sub>		126	140	mA	Ta=25°C
LED forward current	I <sub>LED</sub>		84	105	mA	Ta=60°C

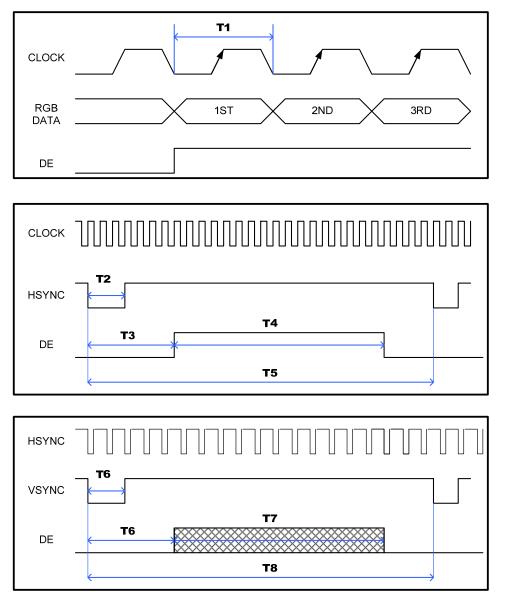


The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving.

When LCM is operated over 60°C ambient temperature, the  $\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{LED}}$  of the LED



# 4 AC Timing characteristic of the LCD



# **4.1** Progressive Scan Timing condition for Generic TFT LCD controller.

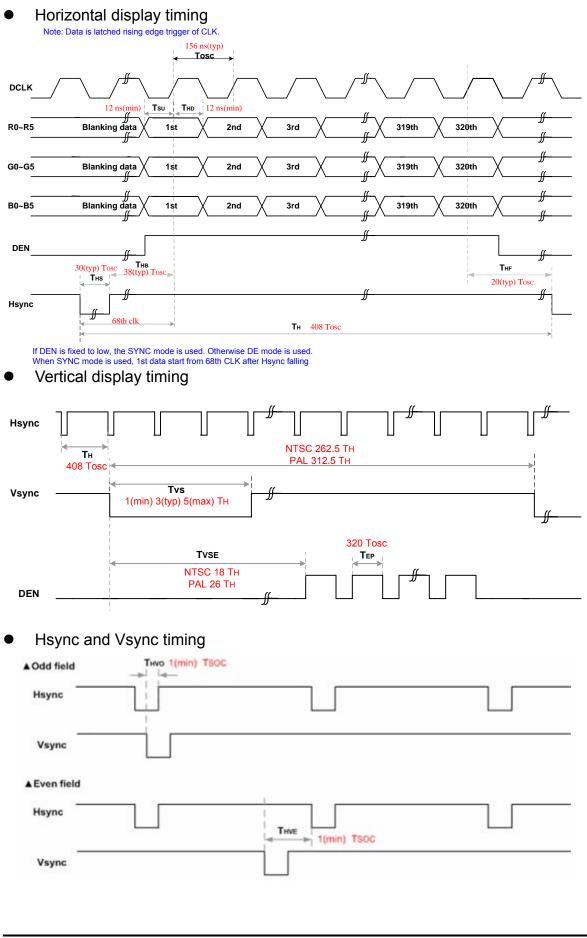
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Clock Frequency	1/T1	6.4	8	12	MHz
HSYNC Plus Wide	T2	5	30		clocks
HSYNC to DE	T3		68		Clocks
Horizontal Display Period	T4		320		Clocks
Horizontal total Period	T5		408		Clocks
VSYNC Plus Wide	T2	1	3	5	Lines
VSYNC to DE	T6		18		Lines
Vertical Display Period	T7		241*		Lines
Vertical total Period	Т8		262		Lines

Note: The module need dummy DE. Please set the "Vertical Display Period" set to 241.

Signal	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit.	Remark
DCLK	DCLK period		Tosc	-	156	-	ns	
	Frequency		Fosc	-	6.4	-	MHz	
	DCLK High plus width		Тсн	-	78	-	ns	
	DCLK Low plus width		TCL	-	78	-	ns	
RGB	Data setup time		Tsu	12	-	-	ns	
DATA	Data hold time		THD	12	-	I	ns	
Hsync	Hsync period		Τн	-	408	-	Tosc	
	Hsync pulse width		THS	5	30	-	Tosc	
	Back-Parch		Тнв		38		Tosc	
	Front-Parch		THF		20		Tosc	
	Hsync rising time		TCr	-	-	700	ns	
	Hsync falling time		TCf	-	-	300	ns	
Vsync	Vsync period NT	SC		-	262.5	-	Тн	
	PA	L		-	312.5	-	Тн	
	Vsync pulse width		Tvs	1	3	5	Тн	
	Back-Porch	SC	Тув		15		Тн	
	PA	L			23		Тн	
	Display Period		TVD		240		Тн	
	Eront Porch	SC	TVF		4.5		Тн	
	PA	L			46.5		Тн	
	Vsync rising time		TVr	-	-	700	ns	
	Vsync falling time		TVf	-	-	1.5	$\mu$ S	
	Vsync falling to Hsync ri time for odd field	Ū	Тнуо	1	-	-	Tosc	
	Vsync falling to Hsync fa time for even field	alling	THVE	1	-	-	Tosc	
DEN	Vsync-DEN time	SC	TVSE	-	18	-	Тн	
	PA	L	TVSE	-	26	-	Тн	
	Hsync-DEN time		THE	36	68	88	Tosc	
	DEN plus width	-	TEP	-	320	-	Tosc	

**4.2** Interlace Scan Timing condition for Video decoder application

Note : If DEN is fixed to low, the SYNC mode is used. Otherwise DE mode is used. When SYNC mode is used, 1st data start from 68th CLK after Hsync falling



# 5 Optical specification

Item		Symbol	Conditon	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Response	Rise	Tr	Θ=0°	-	15	30	ms	Noto 1 2 2 5
Time	Fall	T <sub>f</sub>		-	35	50	ms	Note 1,2,3,5
Contrast i	ratio	CR	At optimized viewing angle	200	350	-		Note 1,2,4,5
Viewing Angle	Top Botto m Left Right		CR≧10	55 45 55 55	60 50 60 60	- - -	deg.	Note1,2, 5,6
Brightne	SS	ΥL	l <sub>LED</sub> =83.3mA, RLED1=2.4Ω 25℃	320	400	-	cd/m²	Note 7
Red chrom	aticity	XR		0.610	0.640	0.670		Niete 7
	allolly	YR		0.314	0.344	0.374		Note 7
Green chron	opticity	XG		0.268	0.298	0.328		For reference
Green chion	laticity	YG	Θ=0°	0.553	0.583	0.613		only. These data should
Blue chrom	Dhua abramatiaitu		Θ=0°	0.102	0.132	0.162		be update
Blue chromaticity		Yв		0.107	0.137	0.167		according the
White chron	White chromaticity			0.282	0.312	0.342		prototype.
	allolly	YW		0.299	0.329	0.359		

# 5.1 Optical characteristic of the LCD

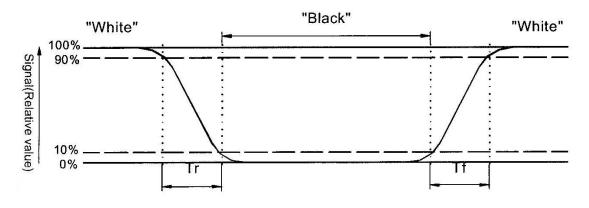
( )For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype. Note 1: Note 1:Ambient temperature=25°C ,and lamp current  $I_{LED}$ =140mA.To be

measured in the dark room.

Note 2:To be measured on the center area of panel with a viewing cone of 1°by Topcon luminance meter BM-7,after 10 minutes operation.

Note 3.Definition of response time:

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white"(falling time) and from"white" to "black" (rising time),respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



Note 4.Definition of contrast ratio:

Contrast ratio is calculated with the following formula.

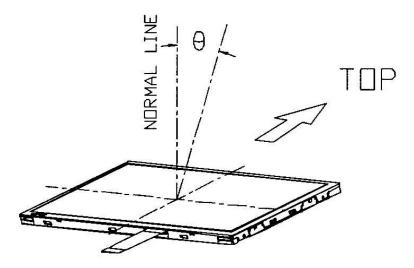
Contrast ratio(CR)= Photo detector output when LCD is at "White" state Photo detector Output when LCD is at "Black" state

Note 5:White V<sub>i</sub>=V<sub>i50</sub>+1.5V

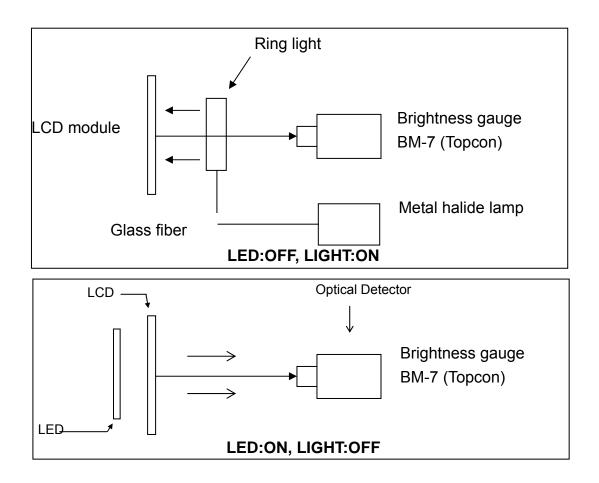
Black  $V_i = V_{i50} + 2.0V$ 

 $V_{i50}$ : The analog input voltage when transmission is 50%. The 100% Transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the Input terminals of module are electrically opened.

Note 6.Definition of viewing angle, Refer to figure as below.



Note 7.Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.



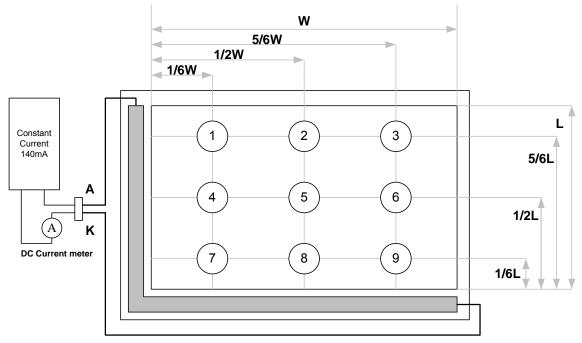
# 5.2 Optical characteristic of the Back-light

ITEM	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Condition
Bare Brightness	3600			Cd/m2	I <sub>LED</sub> =140mA,Ta=25°C
AVG. X of 1931 C.I.E.	0.26	0.28	0.31		I <sub>LED</sub> =140mA,Ta=25°C
AVG. Y of 1931 C.I.E.	0.27	0.29	0.32		I <sub>LED</sub> =140mA,Ta=25℃
Brightness Uniformity	80			%	I <sub>LED</sub> =140mA,Ta=25℃

()For reference only. These data should be update according the prototype.

Note1 : Measurement after 10 minutes from LED operating.

Note2 : Measurement of the following 9 places on the display.



Note3: The Uniformity definition (Min Brightness / Max Brightness) x 100%

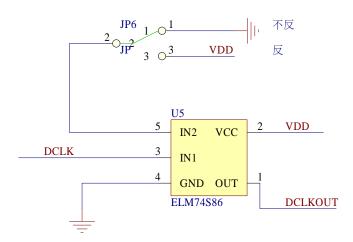
# 6 Interface specifications

# 6.1 Driving signals for the TFT panel

JAE:FA5B040HF1R3000 (Suitable FPC :t=0.3+/-0.03mm , 0.5+/-0.03mm pitch)

Pin no	Symbol	Function			
1	LGND	LED Driver Ground			
2	LGND	LED Driver Ground			
3	ADJ	Adjust for LED Brightness			
4	VLED	Power supply for LED (5V)			
5	VLED	Power supply for LED (5V)			
6	VLED	Power supply for LED (5V)			
7	VCC	Power supply for LCD (3.3V)			
8	VCC	Power supply for LCD (3.3V)			
9	DE	Data Enable Timing Signal			
10	GND	Ground			
11	GND	Ground			
12	GND	Ground			
13	B5	Blue data (MSB)			
14	B4	Blue data			
15	B3	Blue data			
16	GND	Ground			
17	B2	Blue data			
18	B1	Blue data			
19	B0	Blue data (LSB)			
20	GND	Ground			
21	G5	Green data (MSB)			
22	G4	Green data			
23	G3	Green data			
24	GND	Ground			
25	G2	Green data			
26	G1	Green data			
27	G0	Green data (LSB)			
28	GND	Ground			
29	R5	Red data (MSB)			
30	R4	Red data			
31	R3	Red data			
32	GND	Ground			
33	R2	Red data			
34	R1	Red data			
35	R0	Red data (LSB)			
36	GND	Ground			
37	GND	Ground			
38	DCLK	Data Clock			
39	NC	No Connection ( need to be floating )			
40	NC	No Connection ( need to be floating )			

#### (Note1) The DCLK is with ELM74S86.

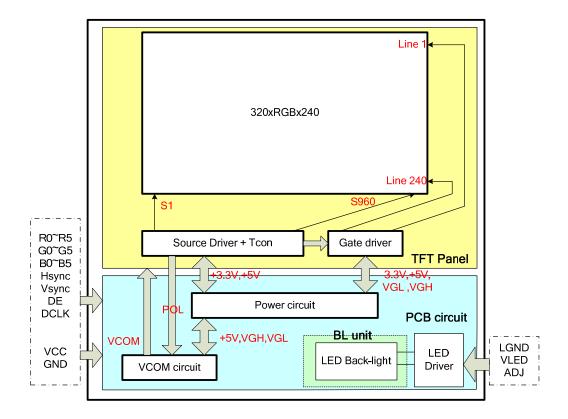


# 6.2 Driving signals for the LED back-light

JST Housing: BHR-03VS-1

Pin no	Symbol	Level	Description	Remark
1	А	-	LED Back-light Anode	
2	К	-	LED Back-light Cathode	

# 7 BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### Color & DATA SIGNAL Gray Scale R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0 B5 B4 B3 B2 **B1 B0** Black Red(0) Green(0) Basic Blue(0) Color Cyan Magenta Yellow White Black Red(62) Red(61) Red Red(31) Red(1) Red(0) Black Green(62) Green(61) Green Green(31) Green(1) Green(0) Black Blue(62) Blue(61) Blue Blue(31) Blue(1) Blue(0)

# 8 DISPLAYED COLOR AND INPUT DATA

# 9 QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

# 9.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Tests should be conducted under the following conditions : Ambient temperature :  $25 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C Humidity :  $60 \pm 25\%$  RH.

#### 9.2 SAMPLING PLAN

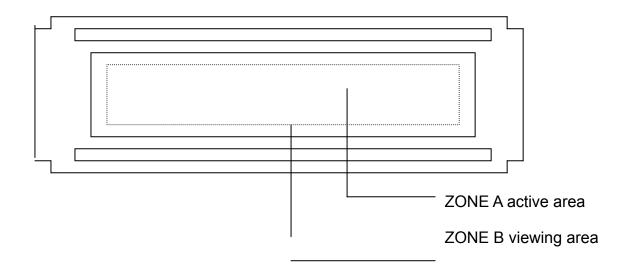
Sampling method shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-105E , level II, normal single sampling plan .

# 9.3 ACCEPTABLE QUALITY LEVEL

A major defect is defined as one that could cause failure to or materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose. A minor defect is one that does not materially reduce the usability of the unit for its intended purpose or is an infringement from established standards and has no significant bearing on its effective use or operation.

# 9.4 APPEARANCE

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance from the LCD module under flourescent light. The inspection area of LCD panel shall be within the range of following limits.



# 9.5 INSPECTION QUALITY CRITERIA

No.	ltem	Criterior	Defect type	
1	Non display	No non display is allowed	Major	
2	Irregular operation	No irregular operation is a	Major	
3	Short	No short are allowed		Major
4	Open	Any segments or commarked are rejectable.	on patterns that dor	n't activate Major
5	Black/White spot (I)	$\frac{\text{Size D (mm)}}{D \le 0.15}$ $0.15 < D \le 0.20$ $0.20 < D \le 0.30$ $0.30 < D \le 0.5$	Acceptable nur Ignore 3 2 1	nber Minor
6	Black/White line (I)	Length(mm)           10 < L	e number Minor	
7	Black/White sport (II)	Size D (mm)Acceptable nu $D \le 0.30$ Ignore $0.30 < D \le 0.50$ 5 $0.50 < D \le 1.20$ 3 $1.20 < D$ 0		nber Minor
8	Black/White line (II)	Length (mm)         Width (           20 < L	number Minor	
9	Back Light	1. No Lighting is rejectabl 2. Flickering and abnorm	ble Major	
10	Display pattern	$\frac{A+B}{2} \le 0.30  0 < C$ Note: 1. Acceptable up to 3 2. NG if there're to two	Minor	

	Blemish &			Γ		
	Foreign matters	Size D (mm)		Acceptable number		
11	Sizer	D <u>&lt;</u> 0.15		Ignore		Minor
Size: $D = \frac{A+B}{2}$				3		
		0.20 < D <u>&lt;</u> 0.30			2	
	2	$0.30 < D \le 0.5$ 1				
		Width (mm)				
	Scratch on	W<0.03         Igno           0.03 <w<0.05< td="">         L&lt;2</w<0.05<>		2.0 Ignore		
	Polarizer					
12			L > 2		1	Minor
		0.05 <w<u>&lt;0.08</w<u>	L>1		1	
	⊆	0.00 -144	L <u>&lt;</u> 1		Ignore	
		0.08 <w Note(1) Regard</w 	Note		Note(1)	
		Note(1) Regard		11		
		Size D (n	nm)	Ac	ceptable number	
13	Bubble in	D <u>&lt;</u> 0.20			Ignore	Minor
13	polarizer	0.20 < D <u>&lt;</u> 0.50			3	MILIO
		0.50 < D <u>&lt;</u> 0.80			2	
		0.80 < D 0				
	Staina an					
14	Stains on LCD panel	Stains that car	nnot be rei	moved e	ven when wiped lightly	Minor
14	surface	with a soft clot	MILIOI			
	buildoc					
15	Rust in Bezel	Rust which is v	Minor			
	Defect of					
16	land surface	Evident crevice	Minor			
	contact (poor soldering)					
	soluering)					
	Parts	1. Failure to m	Major			
17	mounting	2. Parts not in				Major
	3. Polarity, for example, is reversed					Major
			d width is	more t	han 50% beyond pad	Minor
18	Parts		outline.			
	alignment	2. Chip compo	Minor			
		the leads is				
	Conductive	1. 0.45<φ	Major			
	foreign matter	2. 0.30<φ <u>&lt;</u> 0.4	Minor			
19	(Solder ball,	φ:Average				
	Solder chips)	3. 0.50 <l< td=""><td>Minor</td></l<>	Minor			
		L: Average				
		1. Due to PCB copper foil pattern burnout, the pattern is connected, using a jumper wire for repair; 2 or more places are corrected per PCB.				Minor
20	Faulty PCB					IVIII IUI
20	correction	2. Short circuited part is cut, and no resist coating has				Minor
		been perfo	WILLOU			
		been hello				

21 Defect Dot	The TFT panel may have bright dot or Dark dot. The acceptable number defection:						
	Defect Dot	Bright dot	Dark dot	Total dot	Distance between Dark dark		Minor
		2	4	6	$L \ge 5 \text{ mm}$		

# 9.6 RELIABILITY

Test Item	Test Conditions			
High Temperature Operation	70±3°C , t=96 hrs			
Low Temperature Operation	-20±3°C , t=96 hrs			
High Temperature Storage	80±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2		
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , t=96 hrs	1,2		
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C ~ 25°C ~ 70°C 30 m in. 5 min. 30 min. ( 1 cycle ) Total 5 cycle	1,2		
Humidity Test	40 °C, Humidity 90%, 96 hrs			
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency : 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude : 0.75mm Test direction : X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration : 30min/each axis			

Note 1 : Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.

Note 2 : The module should be inspected after 1 hour storage in normal conditions

(15-35°C , 45-65%RH).

Definitions of life end point :

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.

Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of the initial value.

# **10 USE PRECAUTIONS**

#### 10.1 Handling precautions

- 1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- 2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- 3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- 4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

#### **10.2** Installing precautions

- 1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx.  $1M\Omega$  and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- 2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- 3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- 4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

#### **10.3 Storage precautions**

- Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.
- 2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

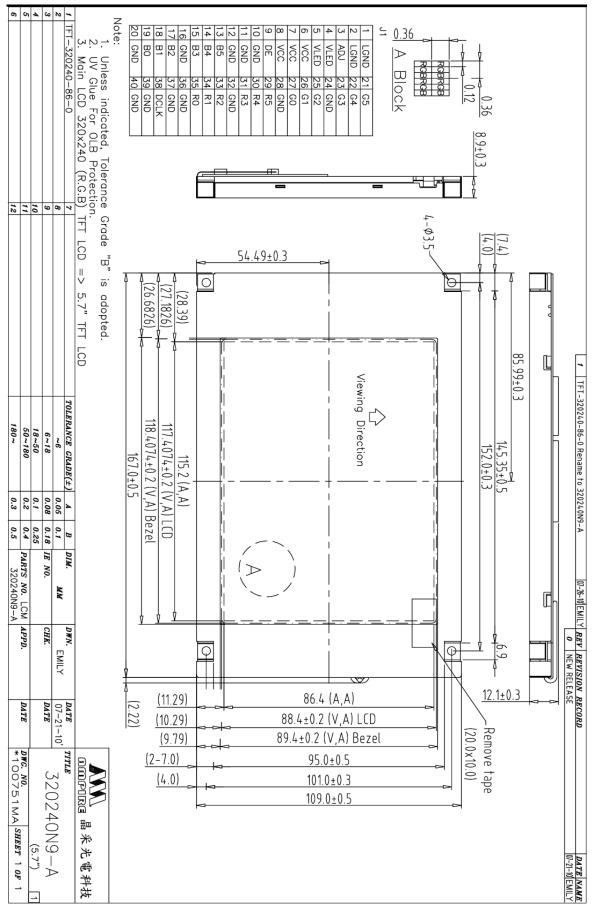
# **10.4** Operating precautions

- 1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- 2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC dive voltage.
- 4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- 5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2Vdd or less and H level: 0.8Vdd or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- 6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.
- 7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- 8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

#### 10.5 Other

- 1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- 2) The residual image may exist if the same display pattern is shown for hours. This residual image, however, disappears when another display pattern is shown or the drive is interrupted and left for a while. But this is not a problem on reliability.
- 3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

# **11 OUTLINE DIMENSION**



Date : 2010/08/11

